12V Austin Lynx™: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable 10Vdc - 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

RoHS Compliant

Applications

- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Telecommunications equipment
- Servers and storage applications
- Networking equipment
- **Enterprise Networks**
- Latest generation IC's (DSP, FPGA, ASIC) and Microprocessor powered applications

Features

- Compliant to RoHS EU Directive 2011/65/EU (-Z versions)
- Compliant to RoHS EU Directive 2011/65/EU under exemption 7b (Lead solder exemption). Exemption 7b will expire after June 1, 2016 at which time this product will no longer be RoHS compliant (non-Z versions)
- Delivers up to 10A output current
- High efficiency 93% at 3.3V full load ($V_{IN} = 12.0V$)
- Small size and low profile: 50.8 mm x 12.7 mm x 8.10 mm
 - $(2.00 \text{ in } \times 0.5 \text{ in } \times 0.32 \text{ in})$ Low output ripple and noise
- High Reliability:
 - Calculated MTBF = 4.4 M hours at 25°C Full-load
- Constant switching frequency (300 kHz)
- Output voltage programmable from 0.75 Vdc to 5.5Vdc via external resistor
- Line Regulation: 0.3% (typical)
- Load Regulation: 0.4% (typical)
- Temperature Regulation: 0.4 % (typical)
- Remote On/Off
- Remote Sense
- Over temperature protection
- Output overcurrent protection (non-latching)
- Wide operating temperature range (-40°C to 85°C)
- UL* 60950-1Recognized, CSA† C22.2 No. 60950-1-03 Certified, and VDE[‡] 0805:2001-12 (EN60950-1) Licensed
- ISO** 9001 and ISO 14001 certified manufacturing facilities

Description

The 12V Austin Lynx™ Programmable SIP power modules are non-isolated dc-dc converters that can deliver up to 10A of output current with full load efficiency of 93% at 3.3V output. These modules provide a precisely regulated output voltage ranging from 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc, programmable via an external resistor over a wide range of input voltage ($V_{IN} = 10 - 14$ Vdc). Their open-frame construction and small footprint enable designers to develop cost- and space-efficient solutions. Standard features include remote On/Off, remote sense, output voltage adjustment, overcurrent and overtemperature protection.

- * UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
 † CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.
- VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.
- ** ISO is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage	All	V _{IN}	-0.3	15	Vdc
Continuous					
Operating Ambient Temperature	All	T _A	-40	85	°C
(see Thermal Considerations section)					
Storage Temperature	All	T _{stg}	-55	125	°C

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	All	V _{IN}	10.0	12.0	14.0	Vdc
Maximum Input Current	All	I _{IN,max}			6.5	Adc
$(V_{IN}=V_{IN, min} \text{ to } V_{IN, max}, I_0=I_{0, max}, V_{0, set}=3.3 \text{Vdc})$						
Input No Load Current	$V_{O,set} = 0.75Vdc$	I _{IN,No load}		40		mA
$(V_{IN} = 12.0 \text{Vdc}, I_O = 0, \text{module enabled})$	V _{O,set} = 5.0Vdc	I _{IN,No load}		100		mA
Input Stand-by Current	All	I _{IN,stand-by}		2.0		mA
(V _{IN} = 12.0Vdc, module disabled)						
Inrush Transient	All	l²t			0.5	A ² s
Input Reflected Ripple Current, peak-to-peak (5Hz to 20MHz, 1µH source impedance; V _{IN, min} to V _{IN, max} , lo= l _{omax} ; See Test configuration section)	All			20		mAp-p
Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz)	All			30		dB

CAUTION: This power module is not internally fused. An input line fuse must always be used.

This power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple standalone operation to being part of a complex power architecture. To preserve maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included, however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a 15A, time-delay fuse (see Safety Considerations section). Based on the information provided in this data sheet on inrush energy and maximum dc input current, the same type of fuse with a lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's data sheet for further information.

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Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage Set-point	All	V _{O, set}	-2.0	$V_{O,set}$	+2.0	% V _{O, set}
(V _{IN=IN, min} , I ₀ =I _{0, max} , T _A =25°C)						
Output Voltage	All	V _{O, set}	-2.5%	_	+3%	% V _{O, set}
(Over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions until end of life)						
Adjustment Range Selected by an external resistor	All	Vo	0.7525		5.5	Vdc
Output Regulation						
Line ($V_{IN}=V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$)	All		_	0.3	_	% V _{O, set}
Load ($I_0=I_{0, min}$ to $I_{0, max}$)	All		_	0.4	_	% V _{O, set}
Temperature (T _{ref} =T _{A, min} to T _{A, max})	All		_	0.4	_	% V _{O, set}
Output Ripple and Noise on nominal output						
$(V_{IN}=V_{IN,nom} \text{ and } I_O=I_{O,min} \text{ to } I_{O,max}$						
Cout = 1µF ceramic//10µFtantalum capacitors)						
RMS (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)	All		_	12	15	mV _{rms}
Peak-to-Peak (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)	All		_	30	50	mV_{pk-pk}
External Capacitance						
ESR≥1 mΩ	All	C _{O, max}	_	_	1000	μF
ESR ≥ 10 mΩ	All	C _{O, max}	_	_	5000	μF
Output Current	All	lo	0		10	Adc
Output Current Limit Inception (Hiccup Mode)	All	I _{O, lim}	_	200	_	% l _o
(V ₀ = 90% of V _{0, set})						
Output Short-Circuit Current	All	I _{O, s/c}	_	3	_	Adc
(V ₀ ≤250mV) (Hiccup Mode)						
Efficiency	V _{O, set} =	η		81.0		%
V _{IN} = V _{IN, nom} , T _A =25°C	V _{O, set} = 1.2Vdc	η		87.5		%
$I_0=I_{O, max}$, $V_0=V_{O, set}$	$V_{O,set} = 1.5Vdc$	η		89.0		%
	$V_{O,set} = 1.8Vdc$	η		90.0		%
	$V_{O,set} = 2.5Vdc$	η		92.0		%
	$V_{O,set} = 3.3Vdc$	η		93.0		%
	$V_{O,set} = 5.0Vdc$	η		95.0		%
Switching Frequency	All	f _{sw}	_	300	_	kHz
Dynamic Load Response						
$(dIo/dt=2.5A/\mu s; V_{IN} = V_{IN, nom}; T_A=25$ °C)	All	V_{pk}	_	200	_	mV
Load Change from Io= 50% to 100% of Io,max; 1µF ceramic// 10 µF tantalum						
Peak Deviation						
Settling Time (Vo<10% peak deviation)	All	ts	_	25	_	μS
(dIo/dt=2.5A/ μ s; V _{IN} = V _{IN, nom} ; T _A =25°C)	All	V_{pk}	_	200	_	mV
Load Change from Io= 100% to 50%of Io,max: 1µF ceramic// 10 µF tantalum						
Peak Deviation						
Settling Time (Vo<10% peak deviation)	All	ts		25	_	μς

12V Austin LynxTM: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable 10Vdc - 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Dynamic Load Response						
(dIo/dt=2.5A/ μ s; V V _{IN} = V _{IN, nom} ; T _A =25°C) Load Change from Io= 50% to 100% of Io,max; Co = 2x150 μ F polymer capacitors Peak Deviation	All	V _{pk}		100	_	mV
Settling Time (Vo<10% peak deviation)	All	ts	_	25	_	μS
(dIo/dt=2.5A/ μ s; V _{IN} = V _{IN, nom} ; T _A =25°C) Load Change from Io= 100% to 50% of Io,max: Co = 2x150 μ F polymer capacitors	All	V_{pk}	_	100	_	mV
Peak Deviation						
Settling Time (Vo<10% peak deviation)	All	ts	_	25	_	μs

General Specifications

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Calculated MTBF (Io=Io, max, TA=25°C)		4,400,000		Hours
Weight	_	5.6 (0.2)	_	g (oz.)

12V Austin LynxTM: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable 10Vdc – 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

Feature Specifications

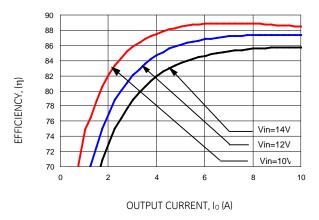
Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
On/Off Signal interface						
(On/Off is open collector/drain logic input;						
Signal referenced to GND - See feature description section)						
Input High Voltage (Module ON)	All	VIH	_	_	V _{IN, max}	V
Input High Current	All	Іін	_	_	10	μΑ
Input Low Voltage (Module OFF)	All	VIL	_	_	0.3	V
Input Low Current	All	lıL	_		1	mA
Turn-On Delay and Rise Times						
(I _O =I _{O, max} , V _{IN} =V _{IN, nom} , T _A = 25 °C)						
Case 1: On/Off input is set to Logic Low (Module ON) and then input power is applied (delay from instant at which $V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ until Vo=10% of Vo,set)	All	Tdelay	_	3	_	msec
Case 2: Input power is applied for at least one second and then the On/Off input is set to logic Low (delay from instant at which Von/Off=0.3V until Vo=10% of Vo, set)	All	Tdelay	_	3	_	msec
Output voltage Rise time (time for Vo to rise from 10% of Vo,set to 90% of Vo, set)	All	Trise	_	4	6	msec
Output voltage overshoot – Startup				_	1	% V _{O, set}
I _O = I _{O, max} ; V _{IN} = 10.0 to 14.0Vdc, T _A = 25 °C						
Remote Sense Range			_	_	0.5	V
Overtemperature Protection	All	T _{ref}	_	125	_	°C
(See Thermal Consideration section)						
Input Undervoltage Lockout						
Turn-on Threshold	All			8.2		V
Turn-off Threshold	All			8.0		V

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Characteristic Curves

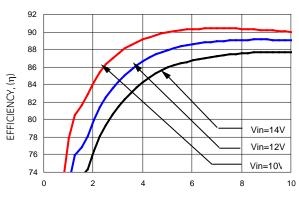
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP modules at 25°C.

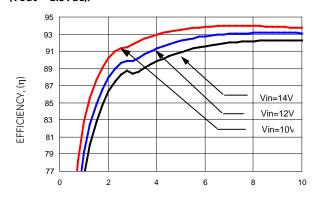


94 92 90 88 86 84 82 80 78 76 74 0 2 4 6 8 10 OUTPUT CURRENT, Io (A)

Figure 1. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current (Vout = 0.75Vdc).

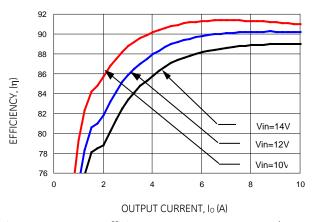
Figure 4. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current (Vout = 2.5Vdc).





OUTPUT CURRENT, I_o (A) Figure 2. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current (Vout = 1.5Vdc).

OUTPUT CURRENT, I_0 (A) Figure 5. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current (Vout = 3.3Vdc).



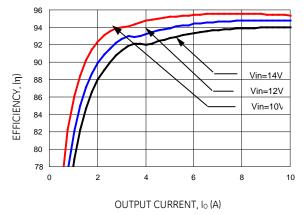


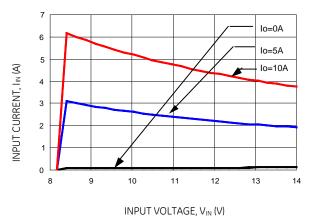
Figure 3. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current (Vout = 1.8Vdc).

Figure 6. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current (Vout = 5.0Vdc).

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Characteristic Curves (continued)

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP modules at 25°C.



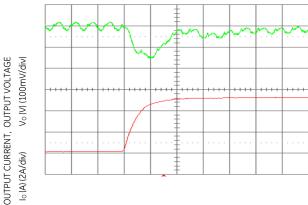
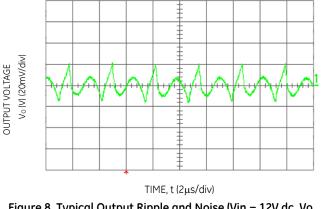


Figure 7. Input voltage vs. Input Current (Vo = 2.5Vdc).

Figure 10. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100% of full load (Vo = 5.0Vdc).

TIME, t (5µs/div)



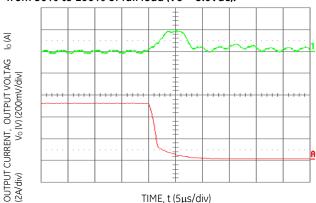
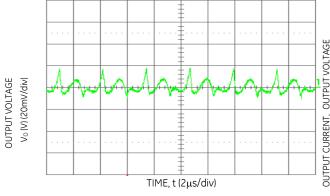


Figure 8. Typical Output Ripple and Noise (Vin = 12V dc, Vo = 2.5, Vdc, Io=10A).

Figure 11. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 50% of full load (Vo = 5.0 Vdc).



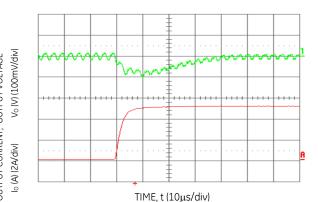


Figure 9. Typical Output Ripple and Noise (Vin = 12V dc, Vo = 5.0 Vdc, Io=10A).

Figure 12. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100% of full load (Vo = 5.0 Vdc, Cext = 2×150 μ F Polymer Capacitors).

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Characteristic Curves (continued)

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP modules at 25°C.

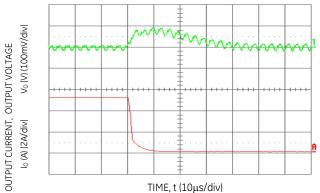


Figure 13. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% of 50% full load (Vo = 5.0 Vdc, Cext = 2×150 μ F Polymer Capacitors).

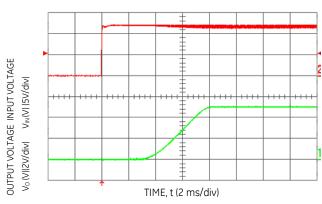


Figure 16. Typical Start-Up with application of Vin (Vin = 12Vdc, Vo = 5.0Vdc, Io = 10A).

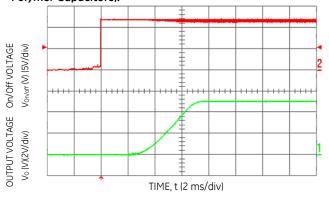


Figure 14. Typical Start-Up Using Remote On/Off (Vin = 12.0 Vdc, Vo = 5.0 Vdc, Io = 10A).

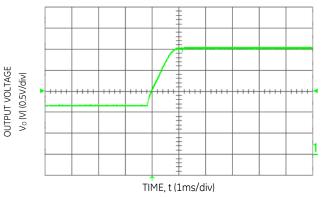


Figure 17. Typical Start-Up with Prebias (Vin = 12Vdc, Vo = 2.5Vdc, Io = 1A, Vbias =1.2Vdc).

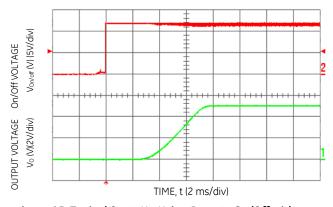


Figure 15. Typical Start-Up Using Remote On/Off with external capacitors (Vin = 12Vdc, Vo = 5.0Vdc, Io = 10A, Co = $1050\mu F$).

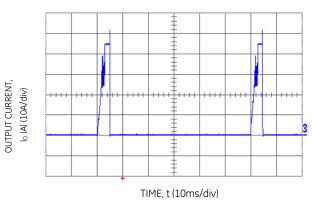


Figure 18. Output short circuit Current (Vin = 12.0Vdc, Vo = 0.75Vdc).

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Characteristic Curves (continued)

The following figures provide thermal derating curves for the 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP modules.

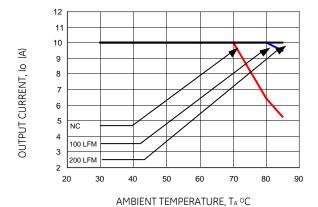


Figure 19. Derating Output Current versus Local Ambient Temperature and Airflow (Vin = 12.0Vdc, Vo=0.75Vdc).

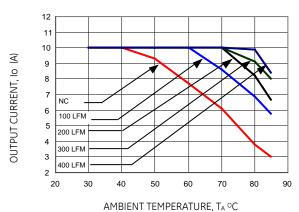


Figure 22. Derating Output Current versus Local Ambient Temperature and Airflow (Vin = 12.0Vdc, Vo=5.0 Vdc).

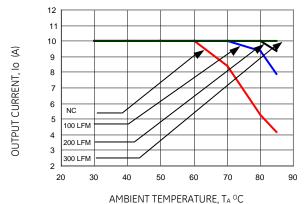


Figure 20. Derating Output Current versus Local Ambient Temperature and Airflow (Vin = 12.0Vdc, Vo=1.8 Vdc).

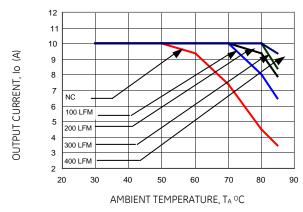
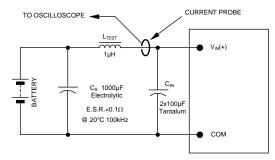


Figure 21. Derating Output Current versus Local Ambient Temperature and Airflow (Vin = 12.0Vdc, Vo=3.3 Vdc).

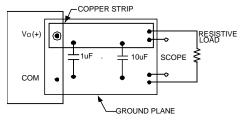
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Test Configurations



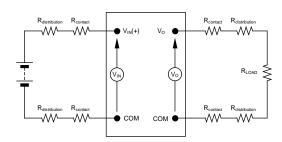
NOTE: Measure input reflected ripple current with a simulated source inductance (L_{TST}) of 1 μ H. Capacitor C_S offsets possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above.

Figure 23. Input Reflected Ripple Current Test Setup.



NOTE: All voltage measurements to be taken at the module terminals, as shown above. If sockets are used then Kelvin connections are required at the module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

Figure 24. Output Ripple and Noise Test Setup.



NOTE: All voltage measurements to be taken at the module terminals, as shown above. If sockets are used then Kelvin connections are required at the module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

Figure 25. Output Voltage and Efficiency Test Setup.

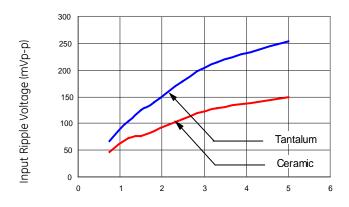
Efficiency
$$\eta = \frac{V_0. I_0}{V_{IN}. I_{IN}} \times 100 \%$$

Design Considerations

Input Filtering

The 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP module should be connected to a low ac-impedance source. A highly inductive source can affect the stability of the module. An input capacitance must be placed directly adjacent to the input pin of the module, to minimize input ripple voltage and ensure module stability.

In a typical application, 4x47 μ F low-ESR tantalum capacitors (AVX part #: TPSE476M025R0100, 47 μ F 25V 100 m Ω ESR tantalum capacitor) will be sufficient to provide adequate ripple voltage at the input of the module. To minimize the ripple voltage at the input, very low ESR ceramic capacitors are recommended at the input of the module. Figure 26 shows input ripple voltage (mVp-p) for various outputs with 4x47 μ F tantalum capacitors and with 4x 22 μ F ceramic capacitor (TDK part #: C4532X5R1C226M) at full load.



Output Voltage (Vdc)

Figure 26. Input ripple voltage for various output with 4x47 μF polymer and 4x22 μF ceramic capacitors at the input (full load).

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Design Considerations (continued) **Output Filtering**

The 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP module is designed for low output ripple voltage and will meet the maximum output ripple specification with 1 μF ceramic and 10 μF tantalum capacitors at the output of the module. However, additional output filtering may be required by the system designer for a number of reasons. First, there may be a need to further reduce the output ripple and noise of the module. Second, the dynamic response characteristics may need to be customized to a particular load step change.

To reduce the output ripple and improve the dynamic response to a step load change, additional capacitance at the output can be used. Low ESR polymer and ceramic capacitors are recommended to improve the dynamic response of the module. For stable operation of the module, limit the capacitance to less than the maximum output capacitance as specified in the electrical specification table.

Safety Considerations

For safety agency approval the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards, i.e., UL 60950-1, CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, and VDE 0850:2001-12 (EN60950-1) Licensed.

For the converter output to be considered meeting the requirements of safety extra-low voltage (SELV), the input must meet SELV requirements. The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

The input to these units is to be provided with a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 15A in the positive input lead.

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Feature Description

Remote On/Off

The 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP power modules feature an On/Off pin for remote On/Off operation. If not using the remote On/Off pin, leave the pin open (module will be On). The On/Off pin signal (Von/Off) is referenced to ground. To switch the module on and off using remote On/Off, connect an open collector npn transistor between the On/Off pin and the ground pin (See Figure 27).

During a logic-high (On/Off pin is pulled high internal to the module) when the transistor is in the Off state, the power module is ON. The maximum allowable leakage current of the transistor when Von/off = $V_{IN,max}$ is $10\mu A$. During a logic-low when the transistor is turned-on, the power module is OFF. During this state VOn/Off is less than 0.3V and the maximum IOn/Off = 1mA.

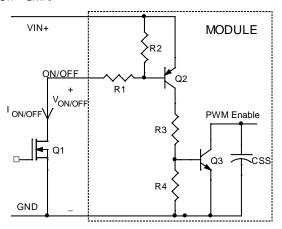


Figure 27. Circuit configuration for using positive logic On/OFF.

Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting continuously. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit enters hiccup mode. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range. The typical average output current during hiccup is 3A.

Input Undervoltage Lockout

At input voltages below the input undervoltage lockout limit, module operation is disabled. The module will begin to operate at an input voltage above the undervoltage lockout turn-on threshold.

Overtemperature Protection

To provide protection in a fault condition, the unit is equipped with a thermal shutdown circuit. The unit will shutdown if the thermal reference point T_{ref} , exceeds 125°C (typical), but the

thermal shutdown is not intended as a guarantee that the unit will survive temperatures beyond its rating. The module will automatically restarts after it cools down.

12V Austin LynxTM: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable 10Vdc – 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

Feature Descriptions (continued)

Output Voltage Programming

The output voltage of the 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP module can be programmed to any voltage from 0.75 Vdc to 5.5 Vdc by connecting a single resistor (shown as Rtrim in Figure 28) between the TRIM and GND pins of the module. Without an external resistor between the TRIM pin and the ground, the output voltage of the module is 0.7525 Vdc. To calculate the value of the resistor *Rtrim* for a particular output voltage Vo, use the following equation:

$$Rtrim = \left\lceil \frac{10500}{Vo - 0.7525} - 1000 \right\rceil \Omega$$

For example, to program the output voltage of the 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP module to 1.8 Vdc, *Rtrim* is calculated is follows:

$$Rtrim = \left[\frac{10500}{1.8 - 0.7525} - 1000 \right]$$
$$Rtrim = 9.024k\Omega$$

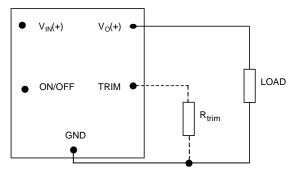


Figure 28. Circuit configuration for programming output voltage using an external resistor.

Table 1 provides *Rtrim* values for some common output voltages, while Table 2 provides values of the external voltage source, *Vtrim* for the same common output voltages.

Table 1

V _{O, set} (V)	Rtrim (KΩ)
0.7525	Open
1.2	22.46
1.5	13.05
1.8	9.024
2.5	5.009
3.3	3.122
5.0	1.472

By using a 1% tolerance trim resistor, set point tolerance of $\pm 2\%$ is achieved as specified in the electrical specification. The POL Programming Tool, available at www.gecriticalpower.com under the Design Tools section, helps determine the required external trim resistor needed for a specific output voltage.

The amount of power delivered by the module is defined as the voltage at the output terminals multiplied by the output current. When using the trim feature, the output voltage of the module can be increased, which at the same output current would increase the power output of the module. Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power ($P_{\text{max}} = V_{\text{o,set}} \times I_{\text{o,max}}$).

Voltage Margining

Output voltage margining can be implemented in the 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP modules by connecting a resistor, R_{margin-up}, from the Trim pin to the ground pin for margining-up the output voltage and by connecting a resistor, R_{margin-down}, from the Trim pin to the Output pin for margining-down. Figure 29 shows the circuit configuration for output voltage margining. The POL Programming Tool, available at www.gecriticalpower.com under the Design Tools section, also calculates the values of R_{margin-up} and R_{margin-down} for a specific output voltage and % margin. Please consult your local GE technical representative for additional details.

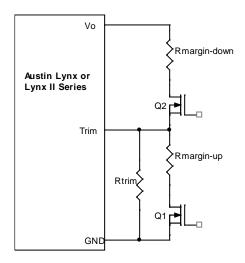


Figure 29. Circuit Configuration for margining Output voltage.

12V Austin Lynx[™]: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable 10Vdc – 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

Remote Sense

The 12V Austin Lynx Programmable SIP power modules have a Remote Sense feature to minimize the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage at the Remote Sense pin (See Figure 30). The voltage between the Sense pin and Vo pin must not exceed 0.5V.

The amount of power delivered by the module is defined as the output voltage multiplied by the output current (Vo \times Io). When using Remote Sense, the output voltage of the module can increase, which if the same output is maintained, increases the power output by the module. Make sure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power. When the Remote Sense feature is not being used, leave the Remote Sense pin unconnected.

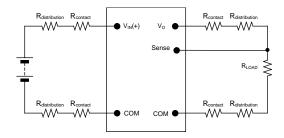


Figure 30. Remote sense circuit configuration

12V Austin Lynx™: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable

10Vdc - 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

Thermal Considerations

The power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should always be provided to help ensure reliable operation.

Considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel. The test set-up is shown in Figure 32. Note that the airflow is parallel to the long axis of the module as shown in figure 31. The derating data applies to airflow in either direction of the module's long axis.



Top View

Figure 31. Tref Temperature measurement location.

The thermal reference point, T_{ref} used in the specifications is shown in Figure 31. For reliable operation this temperature should not exceed 115 °C.

The output power of the module should not exceed the rated power of the module (Vo,set x Io,max).

Please refer to the Application Note "Thermal Characterization Process For Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules" for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures.

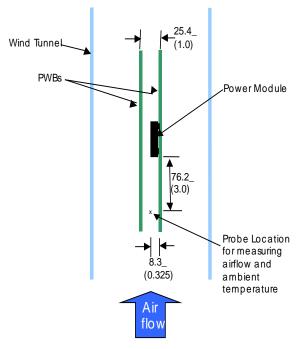


Figure 33. Thermal Test Set-up.

Heat Transfer via Convection

Increased airflow over the module enhances the heat transfer via convection. Thermal derating curves showing the maximum output current that can be delivered at different local ambient temperature (T_A) for airflow conditions ranging from natural convection and up to 2m/s (400 ft./min) are shown in the Characteristics Curves section.

12V Austin Lynx[™]: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable 10Vdc – 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

Post solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit-board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit-board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning Application Note.

Through-Hole Lead-Free Soldering Information

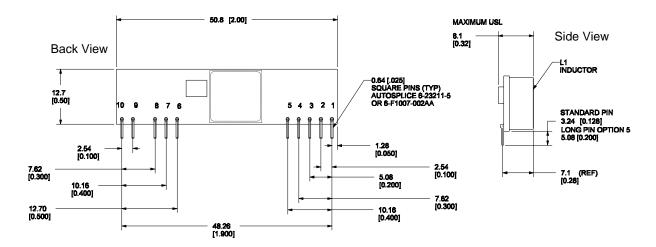
The RoHS-compliant through-hole products use the SAC (Sn/Ag/Cu) Pb-free solder and RoHS-compliant components. They are designed to be processed through single or dual wave soldering machines. The pins have an RoHS-compliant finish that is compatible with both Pb and Pb-free wave soldering processes. A maximum preheat rate of 3°C/s is suggested. The wave preheat process should be such that the temperature of the power module board is kept below 210°C. For Pb solder, the recommended pot temperature is 260°C, while the Pb-free solder pot is 270°C max. Not all RoHS-compliant through-hole products can be processed with paste-through-hole Pb or Pb-free reflow process. If additional information is needed, please consult with your GE technical representative for more details.

12V Austin Lynx[™]: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable 10Vdc – 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

Mechanical Outline

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.x mm \pm 0.5 mm (x.xx in. \pm 0.02 in.) [unless otherwise indicated] x.xx mm \pm 0.25 mm (x.xxx in \pm 0.010 in.)



Pin	Function
1	Vo
2	Vo
3	Vo,sense
4	Vo
5	GND
6	GND
7	VIN
8	VIN
9	TRIM
10	ON/OFF

^{*} Remote sense feature is a customer specified option (code suffix "3")

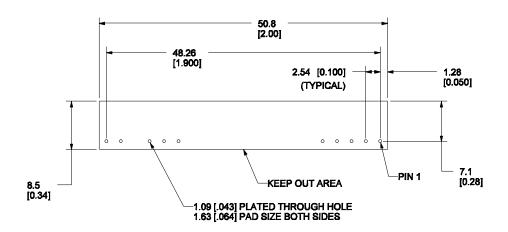
12V Austin LynxTM: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable 10Vdc – 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

Recommended Pad Layout

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.x mm \pm 0.5 mm (x.xx in. \pm 0.02 in.) [unless otherwise indicated]

x.xx mm \pm 0.25 mm (x.xxx in \pm 0.010 in.)



RECOMMENDED HOLE PATTERN COMPONENT-SIDE FOOTPRINT

Pin	Function
1	Vo
2	Vo
3	Vo,sense
4	Vo
5	GND
6	GND
7	Vin
8	VIN
9	TRIM
10	ON/OFF

GF Data Sheet

12V Austin Lynx™: SIP Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules, Programmable 10Vdc - 14Vdc input; 0.75Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 10A Output Current

Ordering Information

Please contact your GE Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

Table 2. Device Codes

Device Code	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current	Efficiency 3.3V @full load	Connector Type	Comcodes
AXA010A0X3	10 - 14Vdc	0.75 – 5.5Vdc	10 A	93.0%	TH	108970120
AXA010A0X3Z	10 – 14Vdc	0.75 – 5.5Vdc	10 A	93.0%	TH	CC109101318

^{*} Remote sense feature is active and pin 6 is added with code suffix "3"

Table 3. Device Option

Option*	Suffix**
Long Pins 5.08 mm ± 0.25mm (0.200 in. ± 0.010 in.)	5

^{*} Contact GE Sales Representative for availability of these options, samples, minimum order quantity and lead times

Contact Us

For more information, call us at

USA/Canada:

+1 877 546 3243, or +1 972 244 9288

Asia-Pacific:

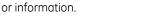
+86.021.54279977*808

Europe, Middle-East and Africa:

+49.89.878067-280

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imagination at work

⁻Z refers to RoHS compliant Versions

^{**} When adding multiple options to the product code, add suffix numbers in the descending order